

Title 22—MISSOURI CONSOLIDATED HEALTH CARE PLAN
Division 10—Health Care Plan
Chapter 2—State Membership

PROPOSED AMENDMENT

22 CSR 10-2.090 Pharmacy Benefit Summary The Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan is amending sections (1), (3), and (4).

PURPOSE: This rule establishes the policy of the board of trustees in regard to the benefit provisions, covered charges, limitations, and exclusions of the pharmacy benefit for the PPO 300, PPO 600, and Health Savings Account Plan of the Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan.

PURPOSE: This amendment clarifies copayment and coinsurance tiers, adds a diabetic drug copayment for members enrolled in a PPO plan and coinsurance for diabetic drugs for members enrolled in the HSA Plan, clarifies coverage of specialty drugs, adds one hundred percent (100%) coverage of prescribed preferred diabetic test strips, lancets, and preferred glucometer for members in a PPO plan, and one hundred percent (100%) coverage after deductible is met for prescribed preferred diabetic test strips, lancets, and preferred glucometer for members in the HSA plan, revises claims filing instructions, and clarifies language regarding the formulary.

(1) The pharmacy benefit provides coverage for prescription drugs. Vitamin and nutrient coverage is limited to prenatal agents, therapeutic agents for specific deficiencies and conditions, and hematopoietic agents as prescribed by a provider to non-Medicare primary members.

(A) PPO 300 and PPO 600.

1. Network:

A. *[Generic]* **Preferred formulary generic drug** copayment: Eight dollars (\$8) for up to a thirty-one- (31-) day supply; sixteen dollars (\$16) for up to a sixty- (60-) day supply; and twenty-four dollars (\$24) for up to a ninety- (90-) day supply for a generic drug on the formulary;

B. *[Brand]* **Preferred formulary brand drug** copayment: Thirty-five dollars (\$35) for up to a thirty-one- (31-) day supply; seventy dollars (\$70) for up to a sixty- (60-) day supply; and one hundred and five dollars (\$105) for up to a ninety- (90-) day supply for a brand drug on the formulary;

C. *[Non-formulary]* **Non-preferred formulary drug and approved excluded drug** copayment: One hundred dollars (\$100) for up to a thirty-one- (31-) day supply; two hundred dollars (\$200) for up to a sixty- (60-) day supply; and three hundred dollars (\$300) for up to a ninety- (90-) day supply for a drug not on the formulary;

D. Diabetic drug (as designated as such by the PBM) copayment: fifty percent (50%) of the applicable network copayment;

[D.]E. Home delivery programs.

(I) Maintenance prescriptions may be filled through the pharmacy benefit manager's (PBM's) home delivery program. A member must choose how maintenance prescriptions will be filled by notifying the PBM of his/her decision to fill a maintenance prescription through home delivery or retail pharmacy;

(a) If the member chooses to fill his/her maintenance prescription at a retail pharmacy and the member does not notify the PBM of his/her decision, the first two (2) maintenance prescription orders may be filled by the retail pharmacy. After the first two (2) orders are filled at the retail pharmacy, the member must notify the PBM of his/her decision to continue to fill the maintenance prescription at the retail pharmacy. If a member does not make a decision after the first two (2) orders are filled at the retail pharmacy, s/he will be charged the full discounted cost of the drug until the PBM has been notified of the decision and the amount charged will not apply to the out-of-pocket maximum; and

(b) Once a member makes his/her delivery decision, the member can modify the decision by contacting the PBM; and

(II) Specialty drugs are covered only through the specialty home delivery network for up to a thirty-one- (31-) day supply unless the PBM has determined that the specialty drug is eligible for up to a ninety- (90-) day supply. All specialty prescriptions must be filled through the PBM's specialty pharmacy, **unless the prescription is identified by the PBM as emergent**. The first fill of a specialty prescription **identified to be emergent**, may be filled through a retail pharmacy *[if the prescription is identified by the PBM as emergent]*;

(a) Specialty split-fill program—The specialty split-fill program applies to select specialty drugs as determined by the PBM. For the first three (3) months, members will be shipped a fifteen- (15-) day supply and charged a prorated copayment. If the member is able to continue with the medication, the remaining supply will be shipped and the member will be charged the remaining portion of the copayment. Starting with the fourth month, an up to thirty-one- (31-) day supply will be shipped if the member continues on treatment.

(III) Prescriptions filled through home delivery programs have the following copayments:

(a) *[Generic]***Preferred formulary generic drug** copayments: Eight dollars (\$8) for up to a thirty-one- (31-) day supply; sixteen dollars (\$16) for up to a sixty- (60-) day supply; and twenty dollars (\$20) for up to a ninety- (90-) day supply for a generic drug on the formulary;

(b) *[Brand]***Preferred formulary brand drug** copayments: Thirty-five dollars (\$35) for up to a thirty-one- (31-) day supply; seventy dollars (\$70) for up to a sixty- (60-) day supply; and eighty-seven dollars and fifty cents (\$87.50) for up to a ninety- (90-) day supply for a brand drug on the formulary;

(c) *[Non-formulary]***Non-preferred formulary drug and approved excluded drug** copayments: One hundred dollars (\$100) for up to a thirty-one- (31-) day supply; two hundred dollars (\$200) for up to a sixty- (60-) day supply; and two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) for up to a ninety- (90-) day supply for a drug not on the formulary;

F. Diabetic drug (as designated as such by the PBM) copayment: fifty percent (50%) of the applicable network copayment;

[E.]G. Only one (1) copayment is charged if a combination of different manufactured dosage amounts must be dispensed in order to fill a prescribed single dosage amount;

[F.]H. The copayment for a compound drug is based on the primary drug in the compound. The primary drug in a compound is the most expensive prescription drug in the mix. If any ingredient in the compound is excluded by the plan, the compound will be denied;

[G.]I. If the copayment amount is more than the cost of the drug, the member is only responsible for the cost of the drug;

[H.]J. If the physician allows for generic substitution and the member chooses a brand-name drug, the member is responsible for the generic copayment and the cost difference between the brand name and generic drug which shall not apply to the out-of-pocket maximum; and

[I.]K. Prescription drugs and prescribed over-the-counter drugs as recommended by the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (categories A and B) and, for women, by the Health Resources and Services Administration are covered at one hundred percent (100%) when filled at a network pharmacy. The following are also covered at one hundred percent (100%) when filled at a network pharmacy:

- (I) Prescribed Vitamin D for all ages;
 - (a) The dosage range for preventive Vitamin D at or below 1000 IU of Vitamin D₂ or D₃ per dose;
- (II) Zoster (shingles) vaccine and administration for members age fifty (50) years and older;
- (III) Influenza vaccine and administration as recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; and
- (IV) Generic Tamoxifen, generic Raloxifene, and brand Soltamox for prevention of breast cancer[.];
- (V) Prescribed preferred diabetic test strips and lancets; and**
- (VI) One preferred glucometer.**

2. Non-network: If a member chooses to use a non-network pharmacy for non-specialty prescriptions, s/he will be required to pay the full cost of the prescription and then file a claim with the PBM. The PBM will reimburse the cost of the drug based on the network discounted amount as determined by the PBM, less the applicable network copayment.

3. Out-of-pocket maximum.

A. Network and non-network out-of-pocket maximums are separate.

B. The family out-of-pocket maximum is an aggregate of applicable charges received by all covered family members of the plan. Any combination of covered family member applicable charges may be used to meet the family out-of-pocket maximum. Applicable charges received by one (1) family member may only meet the individual out-of-pocket maximum amount.

C. Individual—five thousand one hundred dollars (\$5,100).

D. Family—ten thousand two hundred dollars (\$10,200).

(B) Health Savings Account (HSA) Plan Prescription Drug Coverage. Medical and pharmacy expenses are combined to apply toward the appropriate network or non-network deductible and out-of-pocket maximum specified in 22 CSR 10-2.053.

1. Network:

A. *[Generic]***Preferred formulary generic drug:** Ten percent (10%) coinsurance after deductible has been met for a generic drug on the formulary;

B. *[Brand]***Preferred formulary brand drug:** Twenty percent (20%) coinsurance after deductible has been met for a brand drug on the formulary;

C. *[Non-formulary]***Non-preferred formulary drug and approved excluded drug:** Forty percent (40%) coinsurance after deductible has been met *[for a drug not on the formulary]*;

D. Diabetic drug (as designated as such by the PBM) coinsurance: fifty percent (50%) of the applicable network coinsurance after deductible has been met;

[D.]E. Home delivery programs.

(I) Maintenance prescriptions may be filled through the PBM's home delivery program. A member must choose how maintenance prescriptions will be filled by notifying the PBM of his/her decision to fill a maintenance prescription through home delivery or retail pharmacy;

(a) If the member chooses to fill his/her maintenance prescription at a retail pharmacy and the member does not notify the PBM of his/her decision, the first two (2) maintenance prescription orders may be filled by the retail pharmacy. After the first two (2) orders are filled at the retail pharmacy, the member must notify the PBM of his/her decision to continue to fill the maintenance prescription at the retail pharmacy. If a member does not make a decision after the first two (2) orders are filled at the retail pharmacy, s/he will be charged the full discounted cost of the drug until the PBM has been notified of the decision; and

(b) Once a member makes his/her delivery decision, the member can modify the decision by contacting the PBM;

(II) Specialty drugs are covered only through the specialty home delivery network for up to a thirty-one- (31-) day supply unless the PBM has determined that the specialty drug is eligible for up to a ninety- (90-) day supply. All specialty prescriptions must be filled through the PBM's specialty pharmacy, **unless the prescription is identified by the PBM as emergent**. The first fill of a specialty prescription **identified to be emergent**, may be filled through a retail pharmacy *[if the prescription is identified by the PBM as emergent]*;

(a) Specialty split-fill program—The specialty split-fill program applies to select specialty drugs as determined by the PBM. For the first three (3) months, members will be shipped a fifteen- (15-) day supply. If the member is able to continue with the medication, the remaining supply will be shipped. Starting with the fourth month, an up to thirty-one- (31-) day supply will be shipped if the member continues on treatment;

[E.]F. Prescription drugs and prescribed over-the-counter drugs as recommended by the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (categories A and B) and, for women, by the Health Resources and Services Administration are covered at one hundred percent (100%) when filled at a network pharmacy. The following are also covered at one hundred percent (100%) when filled at a network pharmacy:

(I) Prescribed Vitamin D for all ages;

(a) The dosage range for preventive Vitamin D is at or below 1000 IU of Vitamin D₂ or D₃ per dose;

(II) Zoster (shingles) vaccine and administration for members age fifty (50) years and older;

(III) Influenza vaccine and administration as recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; and

(IV) Generic Tamoxifen, generic Raloxifene, and brand Soltamox for prevention of breast cancer.

G. The following are covered at one hundred percent (100%) after deductible is met and when filled at a network pharmacy:

(I) Prescribed preferred diabetic test strips and lancets; and

(II) One preferred glucometer.

[F.]H. If any ingredient in a compound drug is excluded by the plan, the compound will be denied.

2. Non-network: If a member chooses to use a non-network pharmacy, s/he will be required to pay the full cost of the prescription and then file a claim with the PBM. The PBM will reimburse the cost of the drug based on the network discounted amount as determined by the PBM, less the applicable deductible or coinsurance.

A. *[Generic]***Preferred formulary generic drug:** Forty percent (40%) coinsurance after deductible has been met for up to a thirty-one- (31-) day supply for a generic drug on the formulary.

B. *[Brand]***Preferred formulary brand drug:** Forty percent (40%) coinsurance after deductible has been met for up to a thirty-one- (31) day supply for a brand drug on the formulary.

C. *[Non-formulary]***Non-preferred formulary drug and approved excluded drug:** Fifty percent (50%) coinsurance after deductible has been met for up to a thirty-one- (31-) day supply for a drug not on the formulary.

D. Diabetic drug (as designated as such by the PBM) coinsurance: fifty percent (50%) of the applicable non-network coinsurance after deductible has been met;

(3) Filing of Claims—Claims must be filed within twelve (12) months of filling the prescription. A member may request a claim form from the plan or the PBM. In order to file a claim, the member must—

(A) Complete the claim form **and follow its instructions;**

(B) Attach a prescription receipt or label with the claim form. Patient history printouts from the pharmacy are acceptable but must be signed by the pharmacist. Cash register receipts are not acceptable for any prescriptions except diabetic supplies. *If attaching a receipt or label, the receipt or label shall include:*

1. *Pharmacy name and address;*

2. *Patient's name;*
3. *Price;*
4. *Date filled;*
5. *Drug name, strength, and national drug code (NDC);*
6. *Prescription number;*
7. *Quantity; and*
8. *Days' supply;]; and*

(4) Formulary. The formulary is updated on a semi-annual basis, or when—

(A) A generic drug becomes available to replace the brand-name drug[. *If this occurs, the generic copayment applies*];

(C) A drug is determined to have a safety issue by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA). If this occurs, then the drug is no longer **covered** under the pharmacy benefit.

AUTHORITY: section 103.059, RSMo 2000. Emergency rule filed Dec. 22, 2005, effective Jan. 1, 2006, expired June 29, 2006. Original rule filed Dec. 22, 2005, effective June 30, 2006. Emergency rescission filed Dec. 21, 2006, effective Jan. 1, 2007, expired June 29, 2007. Rescinded: Filed Dec. 21, 2006, effective June 30, 2007. Emergency rule filed Dec. 22, 2009, effective Jan. 1, 2010, expired June 29, 2010. Readopted: Filed Jan. 4, 2010, effective June 30, 2010. Emergency amendment filed Dec. 22, 2010, effective Jan. 1, 2011, expired June 29, 2011. Amended: Filed Dec. 22, 2010, effective June 30, 2011. Emergency amendment filed Nov. 1, 2011, effective Jan. 1, 2012, expired June 28, 2012. Amended: Filed Nov. 1, 2011, effective May 30, 2012. Emergency amendment filed Oct. 30, 2012, effective Jan. 1, 2013, terminated May 29, 2013. Amended: Filed Oct. 30, 2012, effective May 30, 2013. Emergency amendment filed Oct. 30, 2013, effective Jan. 1, 2014, expired June 29, 2014. Amended: Filed Oct. 30, 2013, effective June 30, 2014. Emergency amendment filed Oct. 29, 2014, effective Jan. 1, 2015, terminated May 30, 2015. Amended: Filed Oct. 29, 2014, effective May 30, 2015. Emergency amendment filed Oct. 28, 2015, effective Jan. 1, 2016, expired June 28, 2016. Amended: Filed Oct. 28, 2015, effective May 30, 2016. Emergency amendment filed Oct. 28, 2016, effective Jan. 1, 2017, expires June 29, 2017.*

PUBLIC COST: This proposed amendment will not cost state agencies or political subdivisions more than five hundred dollars (\$500) in the aggregate.

PRIVATE COST: This proposed amendment will not cost private entities more than five hundred dollars (\$500) in the aggregate.

*NOTICE TO SUBMIT COMMENTS: Anyone may file a statement in support of or in opposition to this proposed amendment with the Missouri Consolidated Health Care Plan, Judith Muck, PO Box 104355, Jefferson City, MO 65110. To be considered, comments must be received within thirty (30) days after publication of this notice in the **Missouri Register**. No public hearing is scheduled.*

**Original authority: 103.059, RSMo 1992.*